

# Deep Learning

## 4.3 Putting it all together - CNN

Dr. Konda Reddy Mopuri  
kmopuri@iittp.ac.in  
Dept. of CSE, IIT Tirupati

# Architecture of a simple CNN

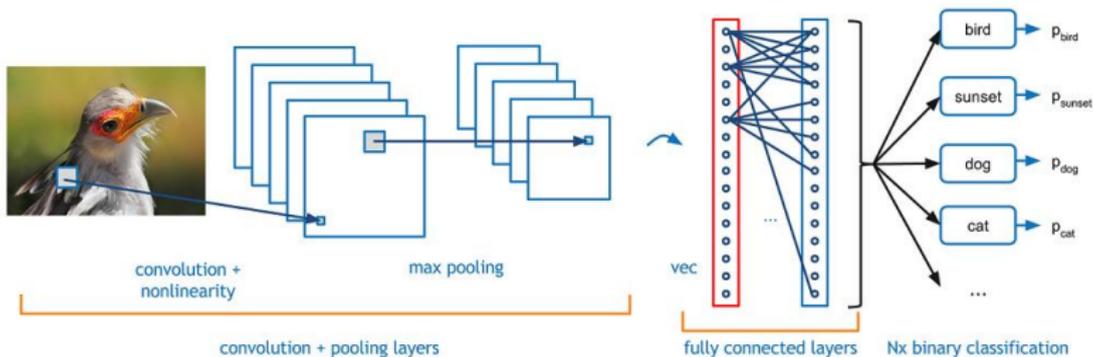
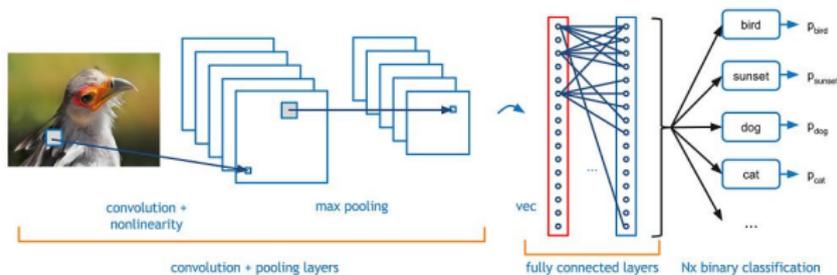


Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

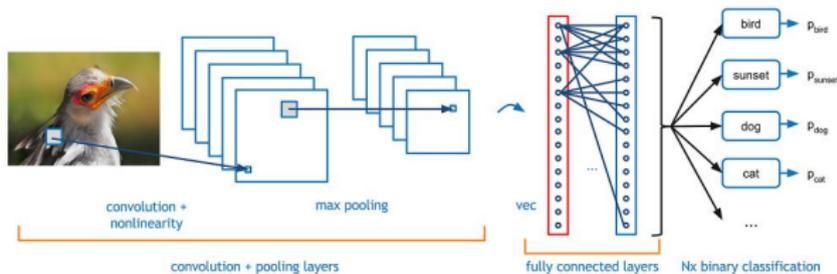
# Architecture of a simple CNN



① Initially Conv layer with nonlinearity

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

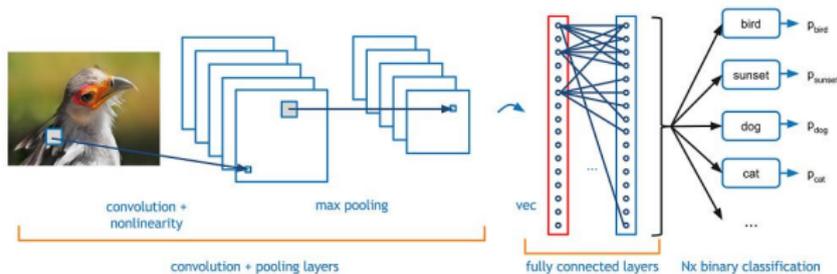
# Architecture of a simple CNN



- ① Initially Conv layer with nonlinearity
- ② Followed by a few Conv + Nonlinearity layers

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

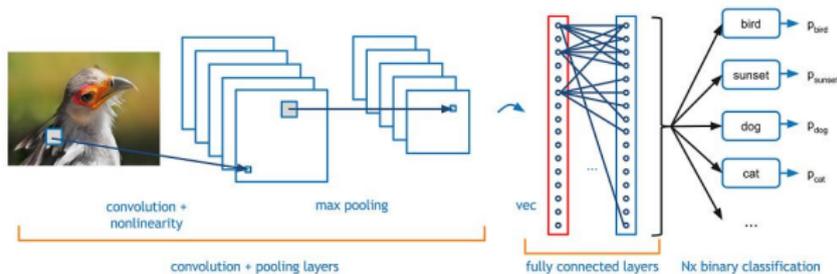
# Architecture of a simple CNN



- ① Initially Conv layer with nonlinearity
- ② Followed by a few Conv + Nonlinearity layers
- ③ Have Pooling layers in between Conv layers → reduce the feature map size sufficiently

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

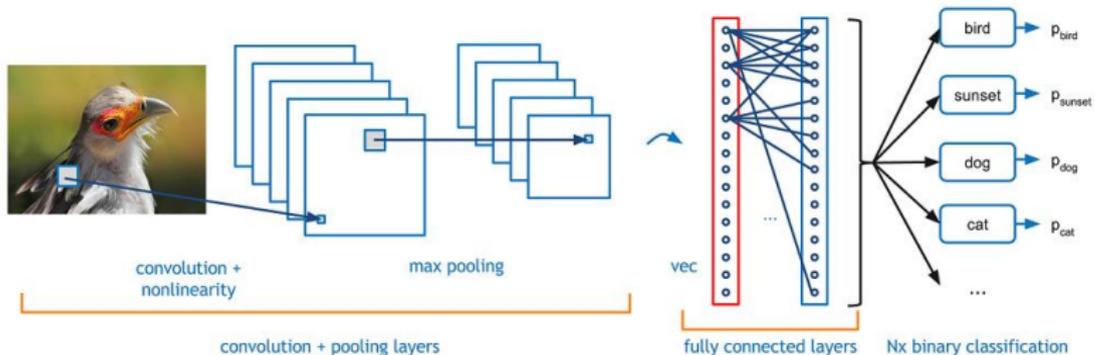
# Architecture of a simple CNN



- ① Initially Conv layer with nonlinearity
- ② Followed by a few Conv + Nonlinearity layers
- ③ Have Pooling layers in between Conv layers → reduce the feature map size sufficiently
- ④ Vectorize and and fully connected layers

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

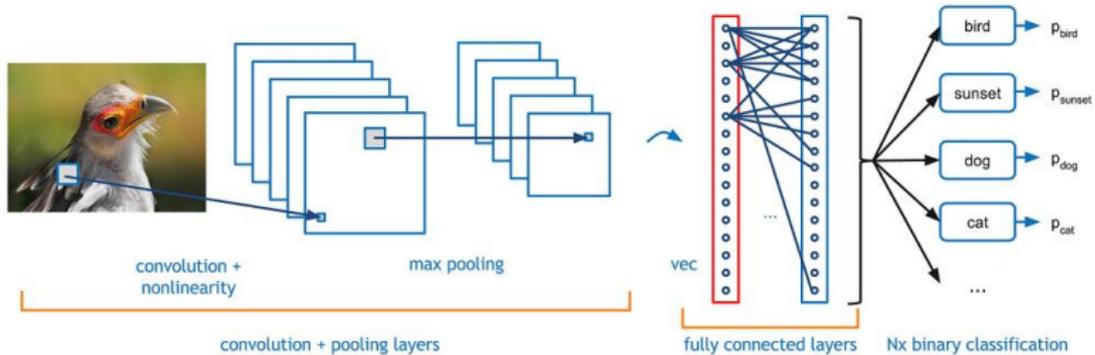
# Architecture of a simple CNN



INPUT  $\rightarrow$  **[CONV  $\rightarrow$  RELU]** \*N  $\rightarrow$  POOL \*M  $\rightarrow$  [FC  $\rightarrow$  RELU] \*K  $\rightarrow$  FC

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

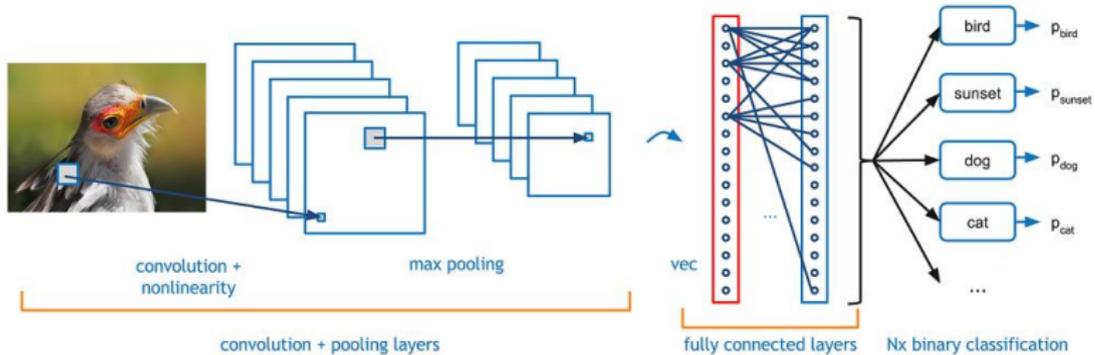
# Architecture of a simple CNN



INPUT  $\rightarrow$   $[[\text{CONV} \rightarrow \text{RELU}] * N \rightarrow \text{POOL}] * M \rightarrow [\text{FC} \rightarrow \text{RELU}] * K \rightarrow$   
FC

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

# Architecture of a simple CNN



INPUT  $\rightarrow$   $[[\text{CONV} \rightarrow \text{RELU}] * N \rightarrow \text{POOL}] * M \rightarrow [\text{FC} \rightarrow \text{RELU}] * K \rightarrow$   
FC

Figure credits: Adit Deshpande

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ <code>nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)</code>			

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ <code>nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)</code>	$32 \times 24 \times 24$		

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ <code>nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)</code>	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32 \cdot (5^2 + 1) = 832$	

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32 \cdot (5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32 \cdot 24^2 \cdot 5^2 = 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)			

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32 \cdot (5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32 \cdot 24^2 \cdot 5^2 = 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32 \cdot (5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32 \cdot 24^2 \cdot 5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.4^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.4^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$
$64 \times 4 \times 4$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=2)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.4^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$
$64 \times 4 \times 4$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=2)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ / F.relu(.)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ <code>nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)</code>	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ <code>F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)</code>	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / <code>F.relu(.)</code>	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ <code>nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)</code>	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.4^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$
$64 \times 4 \times 4$ <code>F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=2)</code>	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ / <code>F.relu(.)</code>	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ <code>x.view(-1,256)</code>	256	0	0

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.4^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$
$64 \times 4 \times 4$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=2)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ / F.relu(.)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ x.view(-1,256)	256	0	0
256 nn.Linear(256,200)	0 200	0 $200(256+1)=51400$	0 $200.256=51200$

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.4^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$
$64 \times 4 \times 4$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=2)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ / F.relu(.)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ x.view(-1,256)	256	0	0
256 nn.Linear(256,200)	200	0 $200(256+1)=51400$	0 $200.256=51200$
200 / F.relu(.)	200	0	0

# Case study: LeNet-like architecture

input size/ layer information	output size	# parameters	# products
$1 \times 28 \times 28$ nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel_size=5)	$32 \times 24 \times 24$	$32.(5^2 + 1) = 832$	$32.24^2.5^2$ $= 460800$
$32 \times 24 \times 24$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=3)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ / F.relu(.)	$32 \times 8 \times 8$	0	0
$32 \times 8 \times 8$ nn.conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=5)	$64 \times 4 \times 4$	$64.(32.5^2 + 1)$ $= 51264$	$64.32.4^2.5^2$ $= 819200$
$64 \times 4 \times 4$ F.max_pool2d(., kernel_size=2)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ / F.relu(.)	$64 \times 2 \times 2$	0	0
$64 \times 2 \times 2$ x.view(-1,256)	256	0	0
256 nn.Linear(256,200)	200	0	0
200 / F.relu(.)	200	$200(256+1)=51400$	$200.256=51200$
200 nn.Linear(200,10)	10	0	0
		$10(200+1)=2010$	$10.200=2000$

# Recent architectures are more sophisticated

- ① Note that LeNet is a classical architecture and does not reflect the recent CNNs in complexity

# Recent architectures are more sophisticated

- ① Note that LeNet is a classical architecture and does not reflect the recent CNNs in complexity
- ② Recent CNN architectures are far more sophisticated
  - More depth
  - Regularizers to handle the depth